CÓRAS IOMPAIR ÉIREANN

# SIXTH Annual Report

for the Year ended
31st MARCH 1956



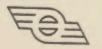
TWO SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE



# SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

for the Year ended

31st MARCH, 1956



KINGSBRIDGE STATION, DUBLIN

# MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF CÓRAS IOMPAIR ÉIREANN ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1956.

MR. T. C. COURTNEY (Chairman-Full-time),

Mr. D. L. DALY,

MR. P. J. FLOYD,

MR. E. H. MURPHY,

Mr. W. Murphy,

MR. J. T. O'FARRELL,

MR. L. FERRIS.

# SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1956.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION.

- 1. Córas Iompair Èireann presents its Annual Report with Statement of Accounts and Statistics attached, for the year ended 31st March, 1956.
- 2. The terms of office of the members of the Board expired on the 31st May, 1955. All were re-appointed by the Government for a further period of five years from 1st June, 1955.
- 3. Mr. Leonard Ferris was appointed a member in place of Mr. John Bruton, whose death was recorded in the previous Annual Report.

#### II. ADMINISTRATION AND ORGANISATION.

- 4. The form of organisation for administration and management remained unaltered.
- 5. The close relations with the Minister for Industry and Commerce on matters for which he is responsible and on general development policy, and with the Officers of his Department, continued, and their co-operation in dealing with matters on which they were consulted is appreciated.

#### III. SERVICES.

#### RAIL:

- 6. The feature of the year was the introduction of the first diesel electric locomotives of the 1,200 h.p. class, 33 of which had been delivered at the close of the year. Three diesel mechanical locomotives of 214 h.p. were placed in service on the West Clare Section (narrow gauge), thus completing the dieselisation of this line.
- 7. There was an improvement in passenger numbers and receipts mainly due to the very fine Summer.
- 8. There was an increase of approximately 417,000 passengers on the Dublin and South Eastern Section, and 216,000 on the Waterford and Tramore Section.
- 9. There was a decline in first class passenger travel. The small decline in receipts indicates that the loss was confined to short-distance travellers who probably availed of private car transport to a greater degree.
- ro. Although there was a reduction in the number of Knock Pilgrimages operated as compared with the previous year (which, being Marian Year, was exceptional), excursion traffic on the whole showed an increase over the previous year.
- 11. The Radio Train retained its popularity for excursion traffic and also for pilgrimage traffic to Knock Shrine.

- 12. New rolling stock put into service during the year included 10 main line third class light-weight carriages and 15 suburban third class light-weight carriages. Thirty-six heating vans were provided for use with diesel electric locomotives for heating passenger trains; these vans are fitted with automatic oil-fired boilers.
  - 13. A Public Address installation was provided at Glanmire Station, Cork.
- 14. There was an overall increase in tonnage carried and in receipts in respect of merchandise traffic, due to an increase of approximately 60,000 tons of imported raw sugar.
- 15. There was a decrease of 14,000 tons in the carriage of millstuffs and cattle food due principally to diversion to traders' own transport.
- 16. Cement traffic increased by approximately 30,000 tons following the increase of cement manufacturing capacity at Limerick.
- 17. Carriage of beetroot declined by 100,000 tons compared with the previous year. The acreage under beetroot was less than in the previous year.
- 18. Revenue from the bulk carriage of tar and bitumen increased by approximately £20,000 compared with the previous year and the demand for bulk service continued to increase.
- 19. During the year, 28 rail tank cars of 1,200 gallon capacity each, were increased to 3,000 gallon capacity.
- 20. There was a substantial decline in the number of livestock (over 200,000) carried by rail services, which may be attributed to:—
  - (1) Stock held back because of uncertain prices.
  - (2) The livestock trade increased considerably in the autumn of 1954, following the decontrol of meat in Great Britain in July of that year. The subsequent export of cattle was abnormally high and the figures for the Autumn of 1955 were bound to suffer by comparison.
  - (3) There was a marked increase in the diversion of cattle to traders' own and licensed hauliers' vehicles.
- adjacent to railway facilities, and the Board has co-operated fully with the promoters to maintain this traffic to rail services.
  - 22. New freight rolling stock put into service included:

			282
Flat trucks	 	 	25
Goods brake vans	 	 	7
Timber trucks	 	 	50
Cattle wagons	 	 2.4	100
Open goods wagons	 4.	 14.41	200

- 23. General container traffic continued on much the same scale as in the previous year. To meet the demand for bulk transport of grain, 20 covered goods wagons were converted to hopper wagons and have been regularly employed.
- 24. As with livestock, the dressed meat traffic declined very considerably as compared with the previous year.

#### CANAL:

- 25. There was a slight increase under all headings in respect of traffic carried by canal, as compared with the previous year.
- 26. An Abandonment Order for the Blackwood Branch of the Grand Canal was issued by the Minister for Industry and Commerce during the year.
- 27. Two pairs of lock gates were made for the Royal Canal and six pairs and three single gates for the Grand Canal.

#### ROAD FREIGHT:

- 28. Tonnage carried for the year—3,251,588 tons—showed a decrease of 200,368 tons compared with the previous year. Revenue was £1,797,745, a decrease of £31,818.
- 29. Hire of vehicles to County Councils produced £256,978, a decrease of £50,579 compared with the previous year.
- 30. Revenue in respect of livestock traffic (excluding horses)—£100,766—showed a decrease of £31,000 compared with the previous year, due to a reduction in the number of live cattle exported to England and in the movement of livestock to meat factories. Competition from private hauliers continued to increase. Revenue in respect of dressed meat traffic—£41,347—showed a decrease of £40,462 compared with the previous year.
- 31. Receipts from general merchandise traffic (bulk lots) were £51,421, an increase of £8,913 over the previous year.
- 32. Revenue from grain traffic amounted to £19,431, an increase of £2,622. Of the gross amount, £12,262 was earned by bulk haulage work.
- 33. Transport of tar and bitumen in bulk earned £10,372, a decrease of £5,566 compared with the previous year, while the transport of tar in drums earned £3,932, a decrease of £2,361.
- 34. Carriage of ground limestone—389,342 tons—increased by 145,182 tons compared with the previous year, and revenue earned—£250,216—showed an increase of £77,731.
- 35. Heavy haulage traffic expanded during the year and revenue of £41,718 showed an increase of £5,585 compared with the previous year.
- 36. Tonnage of beet carried declined by 24,591 tons—58,162 tons as against 82,753 tons in the previous year—and the revenue of £34,660 was less by £13,597.

- 37. During the year, new units added to the fleet included :-
  - 4 Scammell three-ton tractors,
  - 16 Scammell semi-trailers,
  - 15 Flat four-wheeled trailers,
  - 25 Livestock containers.
- 38. In addition, three Matador lorries were converted to cater for the road delivery of cement in bulk from Limerick Cement Factory.
- 39. Twenty motor vehicles were introduced for the operation of the Dublin City Mails Services which the Board operates under contract for the Department of Posts and Telegraphs. This service had formerly been provided by horse vehicles.

#### ROAD PASSENGER:

- 40. There was an increase in the number of passengers carried on both Dublin City and Provincial Services. In the case of the former, 6,137,402 more were carried and an additional 1,637,656 miles run, and on the latter, 2,216,179 more were carried and an additional 201,629 miles run.
- 41. Revenue from Dublin City Services increased by £230,491 and on Provincial Services by £31,729.
- 42. In order to meet increased costs of operation, a revision of fare stages was made on the Dublin City Services on 31st October, 1955. Provincial omnibus fares were increased by 10% on the 14th November.
- 43. The progressive development of housing estates in Dublin and Cork created a demand for improved services, and in Dublin a new service—No. 56—was provided to Walkinstown, and four double-deck buses placed on the route.
- 44. Existing Dublin City Services were extended as follows and additional buses utilised:—
  - 1. Whitehall/Rathfarnham (Routes Nos. 16 and 16a), from Santry and Beaumont on the north side, to Grange Road and Lower Rathfarnham on the south side.
  - 2. Rialto/Glasnevin (Route 19) from Glasnevin to Tolka Estate.
  - 3. Rialto/Glasnevin (Route No. 19a), from Glasnevin to Collins Avenue West.
  - 4. Eden Quay/Malahide (Route No. 42) from Malahide along the Coast Road during the Summer to cater for week-end traffic.
  - 5. Burgh Quay/Sandymount (Route No. 52), from Gilford Road to the junction of Wilfield Road and Sandymount Avenue.
  - 6. D'Olier Street/Carrickmines (Route No. 63) from Carrickmines to Glenamuck.

45. Additional buses were put into service on the following routes: --

Nelson Pillar/Blackrock (Route No. 6), Nelson Pillar/Sallynoggin (Route No. 7a), Drimnagh/Cabra West (Route No. 22), Marino/Bulfin Road (Route No. 24), Eden Quay/Ballygall Road (Route No. 35), Eden Quay/Finglas (Route No. 40), Eden Quay/Malahide (Route No. 42), D'Olier Street/Dun Laoghaire (Route No. 46a), Aston Quay/Ballyfermot (Route No. 78).

- 46. In Cork City six services were re-routed and four additional buses placed in service.
- 47. At the close of the year the East Wall Service—No. 53—the diversion of which was referred to in the Fifth Annual Report, was still operating on the diverted route.
- 48. Over 111,000 passengers were carried on day tours which operated from Dublin, Cork, Limerick, Galway, Waterford, Tralee, Killarney, Youghal and Wicklow. This satisfactory result is despite the inclement weather which occurred in the early part of the year when the day tours and special fixtures organised for An Tostal received little support.
- 49. Period tours, both scheduled and special tours on a private hire basis, continued most successfully during the year.
- 50. Two hundred scheduled tours were operated and carried a total of 5,436 passengers, and 120 tours were arranged for special parties.

#### VESSEL SERVICE:

- 51. There was an increase in revenue in the year under review.
- 52. The fine Summer and favourable sea-going conditions encouraged passenger travel to the Aran Islands.
- 53. Merchandise traffic increased due to various works taking place on the Islands, (such as road surfacing at Inishmore and installation of water works system), and to the demand for increased quantities of foodstuffs and other merchandise as a result of a greater number of visitors to the Islands.
- 54. As in other branches of transport, there was a decline in livestock traffic and in receipts therefrom. This decline was due to traffic which would normally pass in May having passed in the previous March, and to a decrease in the livestock population of the Islands.
- 55. The "Dun Aengus" was withdrawn from service for survey on the 3rd March, 1956, and at the close of the year was still absent, being replaced in the meantime by the vessel "Nabro."
- 56. Improvements to the bar of the s.s. "Dun Aengus" were effected and a refrigerator installed.

#### RIVER SERVICES:

- 57. The Board introduced cruises on the River Shannon during the year.
- 58. A suitable twin-screw diesel engine vessel was purchased, with gross tonnage of 44.5 tons and covered accommodation for 150 passengers.
- 59. The vessel was named the "St. Brendan"; it is fully licensed and is equipped for serving light refreshments.
- 60. Operations commenced on Monday, 27th June, and finished on Sunday, 25th September. In this period of thirteen weeks, a total of 7,400 passengers were carried—gross receipts (excluding catering) £2,410.
- 61. The most popular were the week-end trips. During the week, evening cruises operating from Carrick-on-Shannon, Killaloe, Portumna and Dromineer were best patronised.
- 62. Towards the end of August, owing to low water due to the abnormally dry Summer, the vessel had to be diverted from the Upper Shannon and could operate only between Killaloe and Athlone.
- 63. Three special charter trips were operated—total number of passengers, 379; in addition, during the season, two special trains and eight private hire buses were operated to Athlone to connect with ordinary scheduled launch services.

#### HOTELS, REFRESHMENT ROOMS AND DINING CARS:

- 64. For the year ended 31st March, 1956, the gross receipts were £513,143 compared with £497,964 for the previous year. The profit was £28,892 compared with £26,578 last year.
- 65. Withdrawal of labour by the staffs servicing dining and buffet cars and refreshment rooms and buffets took place on the 22nd September, and the strike lasted until 21st November. The estimated loss in turnover as a result of the strike, was £27,000.
- 66. At Killarney Hotel five additional en suite bathrooms were provided, bringing the number of private bathrooms in this hotel to twenty-seven. Other improvements at the hotel included the ladies' powder room, staff quarters and kitchen service area and the provision of a mobile cocktail bar for use at functions, dances, etc. Twenty-two telephones were provided in guests' bed rooms.
- 67. At Galway Hotel the extension of central heating to cover the entire hotel has been effected and all bedrooms have now been provided with private telephones. Eleven en suite bathrooms were provided, bringing the number of private bathrooms in this hotel, to eighteen. Some of the en suite rooms have been constructed so as to make them convertible to sitting-rooms when required. Four bedrooms were divided to increase accommodation. Improved lighting facilities have been provided in a number of bedrooms.
- 68. At Sligo Hotel a new function room to seat 90 persons was provided, thus enabling the hotel to cater for private parties, dances, etc. All bedrooms have been provided with telephones. A Public Address system was installed and staff quarters were improved.

69. At Mulrany, Kenmare and Parknasilla Hotels, the usual seasonal redecoration and re-furnishing took place, and two *en suite* bedrooms with bathrooms attached, were provided at Mulrany.

#### IV. TRAFFIC DEVELOPMENT.

- 70. Over 1,000 posters advertising special and routine services, with over 800,000 brochures, folders, leaflets and booklets, were produced and distributed. Once again, special editions of the more important brochures for distribution in the United States and Canada had charges shown in dollars.
- 71. Additional copies of the film—" Ireland—Land of Welcome"—were made and supplied to the Department of External Affairs for distribution to Irish Embassies and Missions abroad.
- 72. Three thousand three-dimensional cardboard window displays were produced and distributed to travel agents in Great Britain and the United States.
- 73. Co-ordinated advertising and publicity campaigns with tourist and other transport organisations were undertaken, and the Board co-operated in the educational tours scheme for travel agents.
- 74. The joint educational tours provided by Aer Lingus and the Board for school children were again well supported.

#### V. STAFF.

- 75. At the close of the year under review, the staff of the Board numbered 20,138, a decrease of 405 compared with the previous year.
- 76. The salaries and wages bill for the year was £9,052,696, an increase of £533,167 over the previous year. This is accounted for by—
  - (a) Increases in salaries and wages awarded to all grades of employees during the year.
  - (b) The effect of salary and wages increases granted in the previous year.
  - (c) Increased number employed in the Road Passenger Section for additional bus services.
- 77. Increases in salaries and wages, and improvements in conditions of service throughout the year cost £332,355. The estimated additional cost for a full year is £749,488.
  - 78. There were three official and five unofficial strikes during the year.
- 79. Public investigations of disputes were held by the Labour Court on thirteen occasions and on two occasions by the Joint Industrial Council. In addition, eleven Conciliation Conferences were held under the auspices of the Labour Court.
- 80. Good relations were maintained with the Trade Unions during the year, and recommendations issued by the Labour Court and the findings of the Joint Industrial Council were accepted by all parties.
- 81. During the early part of 1956, a training scheme for omnibus staff was established. Pre-appointment courses for bus inspectors, bus drivers and bus conductors were arranged.

- 82. One hundred and five bus drivers and 160 bus conductors passed through the training school.
- 83. As in previous years, special consideration was given to the problem of rehabilitation of members of the regular staff certified medically unfit for the full normal duties of their grades, and 28 such employees were found alternative employment suited to their condition.
- 84. Continuation Education Courses for youths in the Board's employment were continued during the year, and the report submitted by the school authorities indicates that the general progress was satisfactory.

#### VI. EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES.

- 85. In line with the general modernisation programme modifications to shops at Inchicore were carried out. Considerable alterations to Erecting Shops Nos. 1 and 2 were effected to provide for the efficient maintenance and overhaul of diesel locomotives.
- 86. To effect more economical working, a heavy duty lathe for wheel turning was installed.
- 87. Four new tractors and two fork lift trucks were put into use for the more efficient handling of materials within the Works.
- 88. Consequent on the yard re-laying programme carried out during the year under review, signalling renewals and alterations, including in some instances improved facilities, were concurrently carried out at a number of stations on the system, some of the more important being Waterford West, Abbey Junction, Buttevant, Albert Quay, Mullingar West, Amiens Street, Bray, Athlone East and Ballinamore.
- 89. The work of substituting electric lighting for oil lighting at stations, and for the improvement of lighting where electric lighting was already installed was continued during the year, and a further 20 stations were completed.
- 90. In pursuance of the Board's policy of providing telephones at level crossings, 15 further installations were made, which established communication with the block cabin on each side of the relevant crossing. The programme has now been completed.
- 91. Electric clocks were installed at Harcourt Street, Bray, Killarney and Athlone, and additional clocks were provided at Mullingar.
  - 92. An 8-ton gantry was installed at Tralee and a 6-ton gantry at Castlebar.
- 93. The plant for the manufacture of pre-stressed concrete sleepers went into production during the year. Some 2,214 sleepers were manufactured and 2,000 were laid on the Galway line.

#### VII. ENGINEERING ACTIVITIES.

- 94. The customary standards of track maintenance and safety precautions were maintained during the year.
- 95. The length of plain track in which the sleepers were renewed was 51½ miles as compared with 61½ miles in the previous year.

96. The pattern of renewal of permanent way during the year was:-

 New relaying
 ...
 2 miles, 799 yards,

 Secondhand relaying
 ...
 7 ,, 1,711 ,,

 Re-sleepering
 ...
 41 ,, 249 ,,

 TOTAL
 ...
 51 miles, 999 yards.

- 97. Re-laying work was carried out at eight station yards, compared with eighteen in the previous year.
- 98. The Matisa Ballast Tamper completed a programme of 51 miles, with satisfactory results.
  - 99. Thermit welding of rails was done on 133 miles of track.
- 100. Some 27 miles of track were dismantled and removed during the year as follows:—

Cork/Macroom line .. .. .. .. 17½ miles, Tralee/Dingle line .. .. .. .. .. 9¾ ,,

- 101. Forty-three and a half miles of concrete posts and wire fencing were erected during the year.
- 102. Some 1,560 miles of track were sprayed with weed-killing material during the year, compared with 1,317 miles in the previous year. In addition, some 367 miles of track were sprayed a second time, and some railway yards were sprayed with hand-operated equipment.
- 103. Work on the provision of greater clearances to suit coaching stock of 10 ft. width, was continued during the year.
- to4. The chief bridge work during the year was the renewal of the superstructure of Quagmire Bridge near Headford Junction on the Mallow/Tralee line. The old superstructure consisted of a pair of double-latticed wrought-iron girders, 189 feet long and continuous over three spans. The new superstructure consisted of steel plate girders with steel camber plate flooring. It was designed in such a way that it could be placed in position without disturbing the old latticed girders. The length of the new girders was 60 feet in each case. The total weight of the new steelwork in the bridge was 106 tons.
- 105. Work on the renewal of Parkview Bridge, Westland Row, Dublin, was completed during the year.
- 106. The renewal in steel of the decking of three small underbridges was completed. One underbridge was renewed in reinforced concrete and the decks of two overbridges were re-constructed in reinforced concrete.
- 107. The greater part of a new bridge over the railway line near Longford was erected for the Longford County Council during the year. The bridge was part of a road realignment scheme. The deck was made up of pre-stressed concrete units and the abutments were of mass concrete.
- 108. A contract was placed for the building of a new paint shop for buses at Spa Road, Inchicore. The greater part of the constructional work was completed during the year.
- 109. The platform at Ballybrophy Station was raised to give the standard height of 3 feet over rail level. The down platform at Farranfore was lengthened by 181 feet.

110. The programme of lifting old tram lines in Dublin City was continued during the year, and about 4½ miles of track were lifted, leaving about 16 miles of track still in the roadway.

#### VIII. FINANCIAL RESULTS.

- 111. The Appendix to this Report contains the Statement of Accounts and Statistics for the year ended 31st March, 1956.
- 112. The basis of calculating the provision for depreciation in the Accounts is as follows:—

Railway Lines and Works:

Depreciation is calculated on the present average annual cost of carrying out the programme of renewals necessary to maintain the running lines at the required standard over the period of eleven years from 1st April, 1954, to 31st March, 1965.

Railway Rolling Stock:

The value of the steam locomotives in the Balance Sheet is being written off over a period of ten years from 31st March, 1952, less credits for the residual value of scrapping. Diesel locomotive units and rail cars are being depreciated on their original cost over the estimated lives of such vehicles. Depreciation of coaching stock and wagons is calculated on the present replacement cost of the number of vehicles necessary for future working.

Road Passenger Vehicles:

The provision is calculated on present replacement cost based on a fifteen year life.

Road Freight Vehicles:

Depreciation is based on the original cost spread over the period during which it is anticipated each class of vehicle or unit can be economically employed.

#### OPERATING RESULTS:

113. A general increase in rates and fares became imperative by reason of the mounting level of operational costs due to factors outside the control of the Board. This was effected by the application of a 10% increase in rail passenger and rail freight charges and road and canal freight rates, from 1st February, 1956. The increase in Road Passenger fares is mentioned in paragraph No. 42 of this Report.

114. Railways:

Receipts from passenger train traffic were higher by over £90,000 than in the previous year, attributable to additional traffic attracted by the better travelling facilities offered to the public and additional seaside traffic during the good Summer of 1955.

Although receipts from merchandise traffic increased by over £75,000, goods train traffic, as a whole, showed a decline due to decreased carrying of livestock (200,000) and beet (100,000 tons). The net result was a decrease of £60,000 for the year.

Expenditure for the year increased by over £530,000 of which about £210,000 arose from increased wages and salaries following the Labour Court and Joint

Industrial Council awards. The cost of fuel was higher by over £180,000. Increases in price of stores and materials, cost of welfare and medical scheme, etc., added well over £100,000.

115. Road Passenger:

Receipts were greater than in the previous year by more than £260,000. Over £225,000 of this increase was in respect of Dublin City Services, and arose from additional passengers due to fine weather, additional services, and the increase in fares which operated from 31st October, 1955. Receipts from other City Services and Provincial Services increased by £48,000. Expenditure was higher by over £240,000, of which increased wages and salaries arising from Labour Court and Joint Industrial Council awards, amounted to over £128,500, and extra services £68,000. Fuel expenditure increased by about £40,000.

116. Road Freight:

The gross receipts were less than in the previous year by nearly £32,000. This was due almost entirely to a decrease in livestock carryings of £31,000. There were decreases in County Council and dead meat and beet traffic, but these were offset by increases in limestone, furniture removals, general merchandise (bulk lots) and cement traffics.

117. Vessels:

Receipts from the Galway/Aran Services increased by over £2,000 due to the fine weather. The receipts from the Shannon Services were close on £2,500. The extra expense of the inauguration of the Shannon Services, especially publicity, offset both these gains, with the result that the loss on working was the same as in the previous year.

118. Canal:

The loss in receipts experienced in the previous year owing to flooding has been more than recovered but expenses have increased owing to increased wages and salaries (£11,500) and additional work on canal and on repairs to barges.

119. Hotels, Refreshment Rooms and Restaurant Cars:

The use by the public of the Board's hotels, refreshment rooms and buffet cars, continues to increase, and the business done was greater than in the previous year despite a strike of catering staff. There was an increase in the net profit for the year.

120. Docks, Harbours and Wharves:

Although the receipts were less than in the previous year, the reduction was more than offset by less expenditure on maintenance and repairs, principally at Rosslare Harbour. The net result was nearly £3,000 better than it was last year.

- 121. The result of the year's working was a loss of £1,625,542, as compared with a loss of £866,535 in the previous year.
- 122. The loss for the year includes depreciation provisions of £1,338,000. This amount has been charged in the Working Accounts. Expenditure on renewals, which has been charged in the Capital Account, amounted for the year to £1,191,004.
- 123. The Board was again compelled to obtain under Section 30 of the Transport Act, 1950, advances out of the Central Fund to meet the payments of interest on Transport Stocks falling due during the year. Each of these advances becomes a debt due by the Board to the Government and the Board is required to pay

interest on the total amount advanced (£3,233,800 at the 31st March, 1956) at a rate fixed by the Department of Finance. The amount of the interest paid this year was £121,100—over £30,000 more than in the previous year.

124. The Board had to provide out of the year's receipts, Sinking Fund instalments of £78,000, which amount forms part of the working loss for the year.

125. With the consent of the Minister for Industry and Commerce, given with the approval of the Minister for Finance, the Board created £4,500,000 4½% Transport Stock 1972/77 and offered the stock for public subscription on 20th April, 1955. The stock was guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Minister for Finance and was the first Transport Stock to be issued of which the interest was payable without deduction of income tax.

126. The terms of the issue provided inter alia for a discount of £3 10s. od. per cent. and that the Board should set aside each year  $5\frac{3}{4}\%$  of the total issue and after paying the interest at  $4\frac{1}{4}\%$ , carry the balance to a Sinking Fund. The discount and underwriting commission reduced the cash proceeds of the issue by over £200,000.

#### IX. DEVELOPMENT.

- 127. In the year under review good progress was made in changing over to diesel traction and the economies which the change-over was estimated to bring are being achieved.
- 128. Unfortunately, rising costs more than offset these economies. Increases in rates and fares were introduced to meet the rising costs. Inevitably the introduction of these increases lagged behind the actual impact of additional expenditure.
- 129. In addition, interest charges increased because of the issue of Transport Stock, referred to earlier in this Report, necessary to finance the rehabilitation programme. These increases, together with the increase in interest payable on advances from the State to meet Transport Stock interest, amounted to over £220,000.
- 130. The endeavour to retain traffic to the Board's undertakings, even with improved services and better facilities, becomes increasingly difficult. The increase in rates and fares which the Board found it necessary to impose, had the effect of diverting traffic from the Board's rail services to private road transport.
- 131. Because of the continued withdrawal of traffic from the Board's services, it is now apparent that the economies which can be achieved by the change-over to diesel traction and otherwise, will not, of themselves, be sufficient to eliminate losses in the undertaking.
- 132. If the undertaking is to pay its way, steps must be taken to divert to the Board's rail services all the traffic—particularly the heavy long-distance traffic—which these rail services can carry. The Board has constantly asked that this be done. The alternative is State subsidies on an ever-growing scale.

T. C. COURTNEY. Chairman.

M. J. HAYES, Secretary.

A. MALCOLM,

Chief Accountant.

# Statement of Accounts

and

**Statistics** 

for the year ended

31st March 1956

#### REVENUE ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR

#### RAILWAY

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956	
£ 1,058,428 968,989 1,280,711 2,782,293	Maintenance of Lines and Works Maintenance of Rolling Stock Traffic Expenses:— Fuel Other Expenses	 £ 1,461,789 2,950,213	£ 1,144,500 996,108
4,063,004 477,637 861,100 E7,429,158	Other Expenditure Depreciation	 ::	4,412,002 550,022 858,000 £7,960,632

#### ROAD PASSENGER

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956	
£	A D D D		£
12,451	Maintenance of Buildings		11,811
598,871	Maintenance of Vehicles and Equipment		644.036
	Traffc Expenses:—	£	
613.557	Fuel	662.002	
203.718	Road Tax and Licences	222.953	
2,309,697	Other Expenses	2,483,830	1
3,126,972	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		3,368,785
321.096	Other Expenditure		291,018
344,000	Depreciation		330,000
	20 processing in the title		
4.403.390			4.645.650
-,	Balance to Profit and Loss Account		
658,874	Balance to Pront and Loss Account		680,36
25.062.264			£5,326,014

## ROAD FREIGHT

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956
£ 8,046 383,544 208,935 34,735 78,151 767,542	W-1.4	2 4
1,089,363 105,230 146,000	To the state of th	1,105,352 113,609 150,000
1,732,183	Balance to Profit and Loss Account	1,765,120 82,625

## ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956

#### Working

1955	RECEIPTS						1956
£ 2,541,949	Passenger Train Traffic		•••				£ 2,633,315
4,114,731	Goods Train Traffic				•••		4,052,611
6,656,680 48,938	Miscellaneous		•••				6,685,926 51,484
6,705,618 723,540	Balance to Profit and Los	s Acoc	unt	•••		***	6,737,410 1,223,222
E7.429.158							£7,960,632

#### Working

1955	RECEIPTS					
4,910.333 151,931	Passenger Services		5,172,553 153,461			
*						
5,062,264			£5,326,014			

#### WORKING

1955	RECEIPTS	1956
£ 1,821.173 8,390 50,000	Goods Services	£ 1,788,922 8,823 50,000
£1,879,563		£1,847,745

## REVENUE ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR

VESSEL

1955	EXPENDITURE				
£ 4,629 4,920 6,545	Maintenance of Vessels and Equipment            Traffic Expenses:—         £           Fuel           5,017           Other Expenses           8,760				
11,465	Other Reportitions	13,777			
2,796 £18 890	Other Expenditure	5,73 £23.42			

CANAL

1955	EXPENDITURE						
£ 2,684 48,502 7,934 126,176	Maintenance of Buildin Maintenance of Waters Traffic Expenses:— Fuel Other Expenses		•••	·ks		08	£ 3,065 52,373
134,110							149,598
22,384	Other Expenditure	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	23,200
£207 680							£228 236

## HOTELS, REFRESHMENT ROOMS

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956
£		£
19 597	Maintenance of Buildings	15,696
17,650	Maintenance of Cars and Equipment	25,551
	Working Expenses:—	
91.443	Salaries, Wages, Office Expenses, etc. 98.050	
272 872	Provisions, Wines, etc 272 717	
44.118	Other Expenses 45,793	
408,433		416,560
25,706	Other Expenditure	26,444
471.386		484 251
26.578	Balance to Profit and Loss Account	28,892
£497.964		£513,143

# DOCKS, HARBOURS AND

1955	EX	1956				
£ 9,860 6,380 8,900 3,133	Maintenance of Docks, Equipment Operating Expenses Dredging Other Expenditure	Harbours	and W	harves	and	£ 5.706 7,630 8,900 1,441

#### E NDED 31st MARCH, 1956—continued

#### WORKING

1955	RECEIPTS				1956			
£ 4,403 4,309 768	Passenger Goods Miscellaneo	  us					 	£ 8,370 4,874 777
9,480 9,410	Balance to	Profit	and	Loss A	ccount	•••	 	14,021 9,408
£18,890								£23,429

#### WORKING

1955	55 RECEIPTS						1956	
£	C 3 [73 (W)							£
129,273	Goods Traffic						***	135,670
7,189	Miscellaneous							7,346
19,379	Rents							20,098
155,841								163,114
51,839	Balance to Prof.	it and	Loss A	ccount				65,122
£207,680								£228 236

#### AND RESTAURANT CARS WORKING

1955	RECEIPTS	1956
£ 497,964	Receipts from Hotels, Refreshment Rooms and Restaurant Cars	£ 513,143

#### WHARVES WORKING

1955	RECEIPTS				
£ 1,223 5,106 9,294	Harbour, Light and Dock Dues Wharf and Pier Dues Cranage and Other Services				£ 1,048 3,782 9,112
15,623					13,942
12,650	Balance to Profit and Loss Account				9,735
£28.273				-	£23,677

#### REVENUE ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR

PROFIT AND

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956
£	Balances from :—	£
723,540	Railway Working	1,223,222
9,410	Vessel Working	9,408
51,839	Canal Working	65,122
12,650	Docks, Harbours and Wharves Working	9,735
797,439		1,307,487
7=71	Interest on Transport Stocks:—	
296,672	3% Transport Stock, 1955/60	296,672
75,000	2½% Transport Stock, 1965/75	75,000
105,434	3% Transport Stock, 1975/85	105,434
125,000	5% Transport Stock, 1972/77	125,000
-	41% Transport Stock, 1972/77	153,563
602,106		755.669
37,500	5% Transport Stock, 1972/77—Sinking Fund	37,500
_	4½% Transport Stock, 1972/77 Sinking Fund	40,500
37,500		78,000
43,514	Guaranteed Interest—Fishguard and Rosslare Railways and Harbours Company (in Ireland) Interest on Advances under Section 18, Transport Act,	43,507
90 991 180,000	1944, and Section 30, Transport Act, 1950 Pension Trust Fund	121,100 180,000
£1.751 550		£2 485 763

#### APPROPRIATION

1955	EXPENDITURE	1956
£		£
2,398,756	Balance from last year	4,094,291
829,000	Refund to the Department of Finance of moneys provided by the Oireachtas pursuant to the statement of the Minister for Finance in Dáil Éireann on 21st April, 1954	
866.535	Balance from Profit and Loss Account	1,625,542
4,094 291		5,719,833

#### Loss Account

1955	RECEIPTS	1956
£	Balances from :—	£
658,874	Road Passenger Working	680,364
147,380	Road Freight Working	82,625
26,578	Hotels, Refreshment Rooms and Restaurant Cars Working	28,892
832,832		791,881
10,323	Rents	7,258
369	Transfer Fees	353
41,491	Other Interest	60,729
866,535	Balance to Appropriation Account	1,625,542
1.751,550		£2,485,763

## ACCOUNT

1955	RECEIPTS	1956	
£ 4,094,291	Balance to next Account	£ 5,719,833	
4 094 291		£5,719 833	

1955		Amount of Stock at 1st April, 1955	Amount received during year	TOTAL
£		£	£	£
9,889,083 3,000,000 3,514,460 2,500,000	CAPITAL ISSUES:  3% Transport Stock, 1955/60  2½% Transport Stock, 1965/75  3% Transport Stock, 1975/85  5% Transport Stock, 1972/77  4½% Transport Stock, 1972/77	9,889,083 3,000,000 3,514,460 2,500,000	4,500,000	9,889,08 3,000,000 3,514,46 2,500,000 4,500,000
18,903,543		18,903,543	4,500,000	23,403,54
603,875 1,020,302 2,548,205 2,462,369 882,075 97,153	Being advance in respect of Caj diture 30th November, 194' repayable by virtue of Transport Act, 1955, and Renewal Fund  CURRENT LIABILITIES: Amount due to Bankers (see vestments) Sundry Creditors Advances under Section 18, Tra 1944, and Section 30, Tra 1950, with interest thereon Advance in respect of Capital F under Transport and Marin Supplementary Vote of Dá 30th November, 1949 Expenses accrued Taxation	3,263,213		
7,613,979				5,894,104
64,875	SINKING FUND FOR REDEMPTION OF RESERVE FUNDS:	F Transport S		144,847
	Tollowal Pullu		***	C20 FOF FO
£27,383,240				£32,705,70

#### AUDITORS'

As Auditors appointed by the Board under Section 34 (2) of the Transport Act, examined the above Balance Sheet and the Revenue Accounts connected therewith and The basis of depreciation is explained in Paragraph 112 of the Sixth Annual Report of In our opinion the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit, a true best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of

DUBLIN,

5th September, 1956.

1955		Amount at 1st April	Additions during Year, New Assets and	Deductions during Year, Depreciation and	TOTAL
		1955	Renewals	Sales	
£		£	£	£	£
6,824,139 6,086,453	FIXED ASSETS: Railway Lines and Works Railway Rolling Stock	6,824,139 6,086,453	429,550 3,369,195	518,592 409,306	6,735,097 9,046,342
1,888,700	Road Passenger Vehicles Road Freight Vehicles	1,888,700	416,878	331,454	1,974,124
629,248	and Equipment Vessels	629,248	134,799 21,864	182,514 1,000	581,533 20,864
670,031	Canal Barges and Equip-	670,031	104	775	669,360
21,534 1,735,432	ment Land and Buildings	21,534 1,735,432	100,978	259 10,569	21,275 1,825,841
454,899	Plant and Machinery Docks, Harbours and	454,899	86,587	2,951	538,535
223,655	Wharves Hotels, including Catering	223,655	267	597	223,325
416,924	Equipment	416,924	28,734	117	445,541
18,951,015		18,951,015	4,588,956	1,458,134	22,081,837
1,784,636 221,491 1,162,599 2,583 458,431	CURRENT ASSETS: Stock of Stores (less reset Payments in advance Sundry Debtors Cash at Bank and in Ha Investments at Cost (let Value £422,761)	nd	(Market	2,101,292 226.813 1,137,842 2,707 458,081	
3,629,740					3,926,735
571,010 29,801 64,875 42,508 4,094,291	FISHGUARD AND ROSSLAR COMPANY BARROW NAVIGATION INVESTMENT ON SINKING F ISSUE OF TRANSPORT STOCK AMOUNTS WE APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT (	UND Accounts - Discountiten off)	T AND EXPE	ARBOURS	571,072 29,801 144,847 231,581 5,719,833
					32 705 706

#### A. MALCOLM, Chief Accountant.

#### REPORT.

1950, with the consent of the Minister for Industry and Commerce, we report that we have we have obtained all the information and explanations which we have required. the Board.

and correct view of the state of the Board's affairs at 31st March, 1956, according to the the Board.

CRAIG, GARDNER & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants.

### STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st March, 1956 STATISTICS OF ASSETS

#### MILEAGE OF RAILWAY LINES

	Fir. Tra		Otl Tra		Sid	ings	Тот	AL
Lines owned by Board	M. 1,799 1,803	Ch. 15 79	M. 287 287	Ch. 19 60	M. 293 292	Ch. 15 32	M. 2,379 2,384	Ch. 49 11
Lines jointly owned (Board's share of ownership)		08		08		05 05		21 21
Lines leased or worked by the Board	118 118	72 72		16 16	11	03	135 135	11
TOTAL	1,918 1,922	15 79	292 293	43 04	304 303	23 40	2,515 2,519	01 43

#### MILEAGE OF CANALS

					Open Navig		Supply Canal —not open for Navigation		
					M.	Ch.	M.	Ch.	
GRAND CANAL: Main Line and Branches					190 194	55 55	13	35 35	
Shannon Navigation	• • •	•••	•••		123 123	00	=		
Barrow Navigation	•••		•••	•••	30 30	00	=	-	
ROYAL CANAL	•••		•••		95 95	31 43	-		
TOTAL		• • •	•••		439 443	6 18	13 13	35 35	

#### LOCOMOTIVES

		1956	1955
		No.	No.
STEAM Tender Engines	 	 273	311
Tank Engines	 	 40	54
Diesel Electric Engines	 	 40	7
Non-Standard Gauge—Steam	 	 14	15
Diesel Mechanical	 	 3	-
TOTAL	 	 370	387
Tenders	 	 330	333

# STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956-continued.

#### RAIL MOTOR VEHICLES

	No.	S	SEATS		
	No	lst	3rd	TOTAL	
Diesel Rail Cars Standard Gauge	60 60	684 696	2,132 2,072	2,816 2,768	
Diesel Rail Cars Non-Standard Gauge	4 4	=	164 164	164 164	

#### COACHING VEHICLES

Турк		SEA	Num			
TIFE	Fi	rst	Th	ird	Vehicles	
	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955
Carriages of Uniform Class	1,327	1,749	25,451	27,042	438	486
Composite Carriages	3,313	3,664	5,134	5,741	162	187
Restaurant Cars		-	1,005	1,005	30	30
TOTAL	4,640	5,413	31,590	33,788	630	703
Ambulance Coaches	•••				3	3
Radio Van					1	1
Post Office Vans					18	18
Luggage, Parcel and Brake	Vans			•••	175	147
Carriage Trucks				***	41	41
Horse Boxes	***			•••	170	173
Miscellaneous	• • •				63	64
TOTAL					1,101	1,150

#### RAIL SERVICE VEHICLES

			1956	1935
			No.	No.
Gasholder Trucks		 	 31	31
Locomotive Coal Wago	ns	 	 384	436
Ballast Trucks		 	 437	387
Mess and Tool Vans		 	 74	70
Breakdown Cranes		 	 9	10
		 	 7	7
Miscellaneous		 	 151	135
Departmental Steam L		 	 2	2
Departmental Petrol R			 5	5
TOTAL		 	 1.100	1,083

RAIL MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL VEHICLES

		8 tons			Tonnage	Capacity
	Under 8 tons	and up to 12 tons	Over 12 tons	Number	Total	Average per Vehicle
FREIGHT VEHICLES Open Wagons	232 242	4,329 4,233	=	4,561 4,475	<b>44</b> ,624 43,302	9·78 9·68
Covered Wagons	600 692	4,583 4,674	2 3	5,185 5,369	49,732 51,217	9·59 9·54
Special wagons for to sions and weight	ads of ex	ceptional		40 27	600 594	15·00 22·00
Cattle Trucks	•••			2,265 2,265	19,692 19,116	8·69 8·44
Rail and Timber True	eks (inclu	ding twin	trucks)	329 280	3,377 2,787	10·26 9·95
Miscellaneous	•••			137 137	1,815 1,912	13·25 13·96
TOTAL	•••			12,517 12,553	119,840 118,928	9·49 9.47
Containers Large Covered			•••	29 29	110 110	3·79 3·79
Small Covered				30 30	75 75	2·50 2·50
Open Brick	•••	•••	•••	100 100	225 225	2·25 2·25
Insulated Meat		•••	•••	75 75	300 300	4·00 4·00
Milk	•••	•••	•••	6	=	_
TOTAL	•••	• • • • • •	•••	240 240	710 710	2·96 2·96
Brake Vans	•••			284 284		

## ROAD VEHICLES

-				
μ	ASSENG	TED V	FUTCT	me .

		Nun	ahan	Seating Capacity					
		Nun	nber	To	tal	Average per Vahicle			
		1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955		
Double-deck Buses		661	598	40,178	36,020	60.7	60.2		
Single-deck Buses		415	395	16,065	15,455	38.7	39.1		
Touring Coaches		60	50	1,920	1,500	32.0	30.0		
				Berths	Berths	Berths	Berths		
Ambulances		6	6	36	36	6.0	6.0		
TOTAL	•••	1,142	1,049	58,199	53.011	51.0	50.5		

# Goods and Parcels Vehicles and Horseboxes:

		6 to	6 tons c		ton paci d ov	ty	TOTAL	
		1956	1955	1956		1955	1956	1955
Lorries		210	285	347		351	557	636
Vans		78	55	-		-	78	55
Tractors		4		57		54	61	54
Horseboxes		-		-		-	33	33
							729	778
Trailers: Special purposes .							36	30
A-A1-A-3							162	146
Flat 4-wheel .							133	118
Horse Drawn Vehicl Total .	Es: Wa	gons an	d Carts		• • • •		358 1,418	362 1,434
Horses for Road Vehic	les						238	274
CONTAINERS:							105	105
T image all	••	•••	• • •				156	132
Chain						•••	10	10
m 1 D:4							8	8
							279	255
STAFF CARS (including	4 Station	n Wago	ns)				69	66
SERVICE VEHICLES							38	37

#### STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1958-continued.

#### STATISTICS OF OPERATIONS

Tonnage of the Principal Classes of Merchandise and Minerals Carried by Goods Train

Originating on Board	l's Sys	stem	
		1956	1955
Ale and Porter (including empties)		177.243	179.273
Bacon and Hams, Butter and Eggs		22,270	27.251
Beet		265,171	366.093
Flour and Bran Sharps and other Flour Mill Offa		67.551	86,986
Grain		232,355	241,118
Groceries (excluding bacon, hams and butter)		279.804	204,078
Manure		79.102	80,116
Oil Cake and Cattle Foods		16,738	11,336
Oil Cake and Cattle Foods, Beet Pulp		26,801	34.551
Potatoes		6,391	6,878
Timber		13,008	14,057
Turf		953	2,342
TOTAL		1,187,387	1,254,079

#### NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK CARRIED BY GOODS TRAIN

					1956	1955
Horses			 	 	 11,706	10,387
Cattle			 	 	 458,947	628,844
Calves			 	 	 22,369	29,673
Sheep			 	 	 140,047	159,168
Pigs			 	 	 27,458	33,421
Other A			 	 	 24	202
	Т	OTAL	 	 	 660,551	861,695

#### ENGINE MILEAGE

	Coaching	Goods	Other	Total
Steam Tender and Tank Engines	2,393,239	2,935,860	2,452,793	7,781,892
	2,647,512	3,036,536	2,497,241	8.181,289
Diesel Electric Engines	444,069	152,429	53,616	650,114
	84,183	5,770	23,019	112,972
Diesel Rail Cars	1,900,337 1,887,073	=	5,738 8,005	1,906,075 1,895,078
Total Engine Miles	4,737,645	3,088,289	2,512,147	10,338,081
	4,618,768	3,042,306	2,528,265	10,189,339

#### STATISTICS OF RAIL OPERATIONS

	-	1956	1955
TOTAL ENGINE HOURS PER TRAIN ENGINE HOU	TR:		
Steam			
0 1:		1.49	1.47
P : 1:		2.19	2.20
		2 10	2 20
Diesel Rail Cars	A 4		
Carabina		1.00	1.00
		- 00	
Diesel Locomotives			1-
		1.08	1.07
Freight (Shunters excluded)		1.26	_
TRAIN MILES PER TRAIN ENGINE HOUR			
Coaching			
C.		16.66	16.95
		31.12	26.55
		24.01	20.00
701 1 70 71 70 701 1 1 2 70 71		31.76	31.61
3 124 01		19.50	19.00
(xtorron orago)		20 00	2000
Freight			1-0
~.		10.81	10.93
		17-97	
		12.03	_
		5.60	6.99
Ton Miles per Engine Hour		00.4	
	• • • • • • •	695	685
	•••	728	713
Per Total Engine Hour	•••	356	349
	1		
TON MILES PER TRAIN MILE			
LOW MARRIES A LIGHT WARREN			
Train Load in tons		72	72
22000 2000 200			
			-
WAGON MILES PER TRAIN MILE			
(Number of Wagons per train)			
- 11		19.50	19.96
Empty		6.64	7.22
	-		
Total		26.14	27.18
WAGON MILES PER HOUR			
			0.00
		253.05	257.88
		265.05	268.53
Per Total Engine Hour		129.45	131.55
	- 1	m	man
A		Tons	Tons
AVERAGE WAGON LOAD		3.69	3.62

## STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956-continued.

#### STATISTICS OF RECEIPTS

#### RAIL PASSENGER TRAFFIC

Class of Passenger		Number		Receipts	Average Receipts per Journey
				£	s. d.
Ordinary:— 1st Class		175,487 189,493		122,133 123,250	13 11·03 13 0·10
3rd Class		6,696,830 5,977,801		1,714,101 1,629,728	5 1·43 5 5·43
TOTAL		6,872,317 6,167,294		1,836,234 1,752,978	5 4·13 5 8·22
Season:—		144			
1st Class		166,195 182,475		5,352 5,890	7·73 7·75
3rd Class	• • •	1,881,451 1,838,106		<b>45,739 44,588</b>	5·83 5·82
TOTAL		2,047,646 2,020,581		51,091 50,478	5·99 6·00
-	-			Total Units	Average Receipt
Passenger Miles		•••		274,394,200	1·65d.
				263,626,900	1.64d.
Passenger Journeys		•••		8,919,963	50·78d.
				8,187,875	52·86d·
Loaded Train Miles		•••		4,636,150	8s. 2d.
				4,515,160	8s. 0d.
Miles of Road (First Track)		***		1,918	£984
			-41	1.923	£938

# STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956-continued

#### STATISTICS OF RECEIPTS

#### FREIGHT TRAIN TRAFFIC

				Average	Average Receipts		
Classification	Receipts	Tons Carried	Ton Miles	length of haul in miles	per to	per ton mile	
	£			A	£ s.	d. Pence	
Merchandise	3,263,321	1,793,148	160,529,315	89.52	1 16	5 4.88	
	3,188,222	1,710,800	152,007,880	88.85	1 17	3 5.03	
Minerals	337,637	429,745	27,663,365	64.37	15	9 2.93	
	375,742	515,151	30,631,633	59.46	14	7 2.94	
Coal and Coke	93,184	94,057	7,976,947	84.81	19	10 2.80	
	89,528	97,735	7,131,041	72.96	18	4 3.01	
		-					
TOTAL	3,694,142	2,316,950	196,169,627	84.67	1 11 1	11 4.52	
	3,653,492	2,323,686	189,770,554	81.67	1 11	5 4.62	
	£	No.					
Livestock	358,469	660,551	_	79.29			
	461,239	861,695	_	77.83			
				Total Ur	nits	Average Receipts per unit	
Loaded Train Miles				2,897,50	2,897,506 £1		
				2,853,605 £1		£1 8 10	
Loaded Wagon Miles			60,233,199 16		16·15 pence		
						16.27 ,,	
Miles of Road (First Track)				1,918 £2		£2,113	
		41		1,92	23	£2,140	

# STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956—continued.

#### STATISTICS OF RECEIPTS

#### ROAD PASSENGER SERVICES

	Receipts	Passengers Carried	Vehicle Miles	Passenger Miles (Estimated)
Dublin City Services	£ 3,433,981	248,660,656	29,034,390	482,926,280
	3,205,529	242,558,792	27,400,776	461,346,822
Other City Services	456,892	38,007,121	3,970,463	65,904,348
	435,483	35,996,252	3,752,567	62,633,478
Provincial Services	1,062,736	10,545,928	9,722,841	109,707,126
	1,035,778	10,344,937	9,633,301	110,483,927
Tours and Private Hire	218,944	935,643	1,272,385	-
	233,543	895,786	1,374,150	=
Total	5,172,553	298,149,348	44,000,079	_
	4,910,333	289,795,767	42,160,794	-
	Per Journey	Per Mile	Per Passenger Mile	
Average Receipts:	d.	d.	d	
Dublin City Services	3.31	28.38	1.71	
	3.17	28.08	1.67	
Other City Services	2.89	27.62	1.66	
	2.90	27.85	1.67	
Provincial Services	23.24	26.23	2.32	
1.73 2.73	24.03	25.80	2.25	-

# STATISTICAL RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1956-continued.

#### STATISTICS OF RECEIPTS

#### ROAD FREIGHT SERVICES

Туре	Vehicle Miles	Tonnage	Receipts	Average Rate per ton
Scheduled Services	1,933,136 1,991,738	183,652 191,129	£ 254,556 256,035	8. d. 27 8·7 26 9·5
Railhead C. & D. Services	497,415	174,047	103,761	11 11·1
	495,681	170,198	97,556	11 5·6
Direct Road Services	9,451,470	2,515,343	1,015,815	8 0·9
	9,126,394	2,675,580	1,014,172	7 7·0
Total	11,882,021	2,873,042	1,374,132	9 6·8
	11,613,813	3,036,907	1,367,763	9 0·1
Livestock	1,421,629 1,693,213	No. 220,094 295,083	156,555 187,590	

#### GRAND CANAL TRAFFIC

Classification			Tonnage Carried by C.I.E. Barges	Receipts Aver	
Merchandise			80,369 79,914	£ 127,457 121,494	8. d. 31 8·6 30 4·9
Coal, Coke and Patent Fuel			229 193	305 215	26 7·7 22 3·4
Other Minerals	•••		9,042 8,484	7,908 7,564	17 5·9 17 10·0
TOTAL			89,640 88,591	135,670 129,273	30 3·2 29 2·2

